CPT Cost Index

Summary of results: change in bus & coach industry costs for the 12 months to December 31, 2006

	Overall	Regional indices:					
	national	London &	Midlands	Northern	South	Wales	Scotland
	result	Home		England	West		
		Counties			England		
Overall change in operating costs	7.1%	7.4%	6.0%	6.9%	7.1%	8.2%	7.5%
Change in individual cost categories:							
1 Drivers wages and on costs	4.3%	5.0%	4.4%	4.7%	2.5%	5.3%	2.1%
2 Other labour and staff costs	5.7%	7.7%	4.4%	5.7%	7.3%	4.1%	1.7%
3 Insurance and claims	-0.3%	4.6%	2.2%	-8.1%	11.2%	-19.4%	26.7%
4 Fuel	24.3%	19.4%	14.3%	27.1%	27.7%	35.5%	31.7%
5 Maintenance materials	5.9%	13.7%	6.4%	2.3%	-2.5%	11.3%	0.5%
6 Vehicle depreciation	5.7%	2.8%	3.0%	6.2%	12.4%	-0.6%	13.0%
7 Other operating costs	12.1%	11.8%	9.9%	8.6%	14.1%	15.7%	19.5%
Sample size:							
Number of respondents	68	22	8	16	10	4	8
Representing operating costs of:	£2,285,300,000	£672,100,000	£241,500,000	£655,000,000	£243,500,000	£112,800,000	£360,200,000

All data are weighted by the size of each respondent's cost base and by the relative spend in each cost category.

Compiled by an independent consultant using data supplied directly to the consultant by a representative selection of bus and coach operators who are members of CPT.

Compiler:

Richard Delahoy, SiGNAL Training & Consultancy Services 272 Shoebury Road, Southend on Sea, SS1 3TT 0845 260 0136 richard@signal-training.com

Comments on fuel costs

The figures shown above represent the weighted average of the actual experiences of the operators contributing data. In the case of fuel however, there has been a wide range of experiences, both in this period and in earlier periods. The actual position of individual operators can vary from the "average" experience for a number of reasons:

- whether the operator has used hedging programmes to protect against anticipated fuel prices;

- the impact of hedges expiring and not being replaced or being replaced at significantly higher prices;

- changes in the fuel efficiency of vehicles - in some cases, new buses/coaches acquired have worse consumption rates than the vehicles they have replaced. The effect of hedging in particular means that the impact of the dramatic rises in diesel prices seen in the past couple of years affects different operators at different times. In the current period (year to December 2006), the range of experiences on a pence per mile basis was from a slight *reduction* to over a 50% increase.

Summary of previous results:					
In each case, covering the 12 months to:					
June 2004	7.7%				
December 2004	7.8%				
June 2005	8.7%				
December 2005	8.2%				
June 2006	7.8%				
December 2006	7.1%				

Typically, fuel represents around 8% of total operating costs, although for coach operators the figure is around double that percentage of total costs.